I certify this to be a true and correct copy of the indicated document as referred or transmitted to committee.

Chief Clerk of the House

FLED FEB 1 2 2003

By: hu Min

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₹.j.r. no. 3

A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature

to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health

care liability claims and other claims.

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by

adding Section 66 to read as follows:

Sec. 66. (a) In this section, "economic damages" means

compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term

does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for

past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental

anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship

and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety, however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury, or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or

- 1 any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of
- 2 action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined
- 3 by the legislature.
- 4 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 5 constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may
- 6 determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses,
- 7 however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or
- 8 cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This
- 9 subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of
- 10 action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or
- other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding
- 12 in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of
- 13 theories of liability.
- 14 (d) The legislature may include in any statute passed under
- this section a limitation of liability in the statute that:
- 16 (1) applies to each claim or cause of action, each
- 17 claimant, each provider, or a combination of one or more claims or
- 18 causes of action, claimants, or providers;
- 19 (2) applies to all damages and losses, other than
- 20 economic damages, sought with respect to the claim or cause of
- 21 action, an element of the damage or loss sought, or a combination of
- 22 those elements;
- 23 (3) is subject to increase or decrease over time by a
- 24 means or as otherwise specified by the legislature;
- 25 (4) is subject to or conditioned on an event or
- 26 requirement specified by the legislature; or
- (5) applies to a claim or cause of action under either

- 1 Subsection (b) or (c) of this section that has not become vested in
- 2 a final judgment, including a claim or cause of action in a suit or
- 3 action pending on or before the effective date of a statute passed
- 4 under this section.
- 5 (e) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section,
- 6 this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature,
- 7 Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special
- 8 sessions of the legislature.
- 9 SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 4, 2003.
- 11 The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the
- 12 proposition: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the
- 13 legislature to determine limitations on noneconomic damages."
- 14 SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this
- 15 proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any
- 16 aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

HOUSE OF MAR -7 PM 5: 35 COMMITTEE REPORT: EMPROSS WELLTIME:

1st Printing

By: Nixon H.J.R. No. 3

Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 3:

By: Capelo C.S.H.J.R. No. 3

A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature

to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health

3 care liability claims and other claims.

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4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by

6 adding Section 66 to read as follows:

Sec. 66. (a) In this section, "economic damages" means

compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term

does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for

past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental

anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship

and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this

constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of

liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other

than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with

17 respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure

18 from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety,

however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or

20 that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury,

21 or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to

whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from

23 common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of

24 action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or

C.S.H.J.R. No. 3

- 1 any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of
- 2 action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined
- 3 by the legislature.
- 4 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 5 constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may
- 6 determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses,
- 7 however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or
- 8 <u>cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This</u>
- 9 <u>subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of</u>
- 10 action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or
- other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding
- 12 in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of
- 13 theories of liability.
- (d) The legislature may include in any statute passed under
- 15 this section a limitation of liability in the statute that:
- (1) applies to each claim or cause of action, each
- 17 claimant, each provider, or a combination of one or more claims or
- 18 causes of action, claimants, or providers;
- (2) applies to all damages and losses, other than
- 20 economic damages, sought with respect to the claim or cause of
- 21 action, an element of the damage or loss sought, or a combination of
- 22 those elements;
- 23 (3) is subject to increase or decrease over time by a
- 24 means or as otherwise specified by the legislature;
- 25 (4) is subject to or conditioned on an event or
- 26 requirement specified by the legislature; or
- 27 (5) applies to a claim or cause of action under either

- C.S.H.J.R. No. 3
- 1 Subsection (b) or (c) of this section that has not become vested in
- 2 a final judgment, including a claim or cause of action in a suit or
- 3 action pending on or before the effective date of a statute passed
- 4 under this section.
- 5 (e) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section,
- 6 this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature,
- 7 Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special
- 8 sessions of the legislature.
- 9 SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- 10 submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13,
- 11 2003. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against
- 12 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the
- 13 legislature to determine limitations on noneconomic damages."
- 14 SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this
- 15 proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any
- 16 aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Tom Craddick Speaker of the House of Representatives

__ absent

 $M_{ARCH} 4,2003$

Sir:					
We, your COMMITT	EE ON CIVIL P				
to whom was referre back with the recom			have had t	the same under conside	eration and beg to report
() do pass, without() do pass, with a(✓) do pass and be	mendment(s).	complete Committe	e Substitute is recom	nmended in lieu of the c	original measure.
(yes () no					
() yes (no	A criminal justic	e policy impact sta	itement was requeste	ed.	
			impact statement was		
() yes (/ no		**		·	
			t statement was requ	rested.	
() yes () no			·		
•	· · · · · ·	•	sent to the Committe	ee on Local and Conse	nt Calendars.
laint Spansara:		,	,	,	
CO-Sponsors					
The measure was re	ported from Con	nmitton by the follo	wing voto:		
The measure was re	poned from Con	AYE AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Nixon, Chair					
Gattis, Vice-chair					
Capelo					
Davis, Y.					
Hartnett					
King		\sim			
Krusee					
Rose		<u> </u>			
Woolley					
Total –	8 aye		De.	Die.	
	o nay	ent, not voting	CHAR		

BILL ANALYSIS

C.S.H.J.R. 3

By: Nixon

Civil Practices

Committee Report (Substituted)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

In 1977 the Texas Legislature passed the Medical Liability and Insurance Improvement Act of Texas to cover health care liability claims. The Act contained a \$500,000-cap on all damages except medical expenses for health care liability claims. In 1988, in Lucas v. United States, 757 S.W.2d 687 (Tex. 1988), the Texas Supreme Court held that the limitation on damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action but constitutional as applied to statutory causes of action. The Lucas court held that the statutory limitation on medical malpractice damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action because it violated the "open courts provision." As proposed, H.J.R. 3 requires the submission to the voters of a constitutional amendment authorizing the Legislature to determine limits for non-economic damages in medical or health care liability claims.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this resolution does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

ANALYSIS

C.S.H.J.R. 3 Amends Article III of the Texas Constitution by adding a Section 66 which defines economic damages to mean compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage not including non-economic damages; provides that notwithstanding any other provision of the Constitution the Legislature may place limitations on non-economic damages in health care liability claims; provides that beginning in January 1, 2005, the Legislature may enact limitations on non-economic damages in addition to what is permitted in new Subsection (b); clarifies the scope of authority to enact limitations on non-economic damages and contains an enacting clause stating that the amendment will apply to laws enacted by the 78th Legislature, and in all subsequent regular or special sessions of the Legislature.

FOR ELECTION

Calls for submitting the proposed Constitutional Amendment to the voters at an election to be held September 13, 2003 and contains proposed wording for the ballot proposition.

COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE

Calls for the election to be held September 13, 2003, instead of November 4, 2003.

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION

HJR 3

February 19, 2003 2:00PM or upon adjournment

Considered in public hearing

Testimony taken in committee (See attached witness list.)

Left pending in committee

March 4, 2003

upon final adjourn./recess

Considered in formal meeting Committee substitute considered in committee Reported favorably as substituted

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WITNESS LIST

HJR 3 HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT Civil Practices Committee

February 19, 2003 - 2:00PM or upon adjournment

For:

Berthelsen, Spencer (Texas Medical Association)

Durand, John (Texas Medical Association)

Evans, Darlene (Self and Texas Health Care Association)

Ewing, Joe (Primary Care Coalition)

Falcon, Antonio (Texas Medical Association)
Gadberry, Gavin (Texas Health Care Association)

Howard, Jo Ann (TMLT; American Physicians Insurance

Exchange)

Hull, Mike (TAPA) Hunsaker, Jerry (Self) Juan, Vicente (Self)

Kottman, Robert (Self and Bexar County Medical Society) Permetti, Thomas (CHRISTUS Health; Texas Hospital Association; Catholic Health Association of Texas)

Peterson, Mary Dale (Self)

Regier, Michael (Texas Hospital Association; Seton

Healthcare Network)

Roberts, George (Self and Texas Hospital Association;

Henderson Memorial Hospital)

Spence, Chris (Texas Association of Homes and Services

for the Aging)

Venable, Peggy (Citizens for a Sound Economy; Texas

Womens Alliance)

Woerner, Steve (Corpus Christi Medical Center)

Against:

Aleshire, Mary Roe (Self) Bragg, David (AARP) Castleberry, Laura (Self) Dye, Robert (Self)

Fletcher, Howard (Self) Gibson, Lester (Self) Gray, Richard (Self) Grover, Laurie (Self)

Hampton, Hartley (Texas Trial Lawyers Association)

James, Reggie (Consumers Union)

Jetton, Sheila (Self) Lanier, W. Mark (Self)

Mithoff, Richard (Texas Trial Lawyers Association)

Rosenfield, Harvey (Foundation for Taxpayer & Consumer

Rights)

Sweeney, Paula (Texas Trial Lawyers Association)

Tutt, Kim (Self)

Weber, Cynthia Garza (Self)

?

On:

Wright, Larry (Self)
Young, Aaron (Self)
Zamora, Anita (Self)
Korioth, Tony (Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental

Risk Pool)

Mah, C. H. (Texas Department of Insurance)

Patrick, Donald (Texas Board of Medical Examiners)

Ryder, Brian (Texas Department of Insurance) Sprinkle, G. K. (Texas Ambulance Association)

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

March 5, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$475,584.

The bill would propose a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability. The proposed constitutional amendment would be held on September 13, 2003.

According to the Secretary of State, presenting one constitutional amendment on a ballot results in higher costs because economies of scales are lost. The estimated cost of \$475,584 would include \$314,062 for postage, \$50,872 for printing, \$110,500 for newspaper advertising, and \$150 for translation costs. According to the Secretary of State, these costs are similar to those experienced in November 2002 when one constitutional amendment was presented to voters.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 307 Secretary Of State

LBB Staff: JK, GO, MS

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 5, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

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According to the Secretary of State, presenting one constitutional amendment on a ballot results in higher costs because economies of scales are lost. The estimated cost of \$475,584 would include \$314,062 for postage, \$50,872 for printing, \$110,500 for newspaper advertising, and \$150 for translation costs. According to the Secretary of State, these costs are similar to those experienced in November 2002 when one constitutional amendment was presented to voters.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff:

JK, GO, MS

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

February 17, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$85,275.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 454 Department Of Insurance

LBB Staff: JK, GO, JRO, MS, CJ

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

February 15, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HJR3. As Introduced: a negative impact of (885,275) through the biennium ending August 31, 2005.

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.

Appropriations:

Fiscal Year	Appropriation out of GENERAL REVENUE FUND		
2004	(\$85,275)		
2005	\$0		

General Revenue-Related Funds, Two-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds	
2004	(\$85,275)	
2005	\$0	

Fiscal Analysis

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims. The general cost for this Joint Resolution would be \$85,275 during fiscal year 2004.

Methodology

The Secretary of State spends an estimated \$85,275 on each constitutional amendment for printing in newspapers in English, Vietnamese and American Indian, as well as translation and mailing of Spanish language explanations of constitutional amendments to all Hispanic-surnamed households in the state.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.



Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JK, JRO, MS, CJ

RECOMMITTED

HOUSE **COMMITTEE REPORT**

03 MAR 24 PM 4: 53 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

1st Printing

By: Nixon, et al.

H.J.R. No. 3

Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 3:

By: Gattis

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C.S.H.J.R. No. 3

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits 1

against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, 2

legislature to determine limitations authorizing the

non-economic damages.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5

SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by 6

adding Section 66 to read as follows:

Sec. 66. (a) In this section "economic damages" means 8

compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term

does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for 10

past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental 11

anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship 12

and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment. 13

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 14

constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of

liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other

than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with 17

respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure 18

from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety, 19

however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or 20

that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury,

or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to

whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from 23

common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of 24

C.S.H.J.R. No. 3

- 1 action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or
- 2 any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of
- 3 action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined
- 4 by the legislature.
- 5 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 6 constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may
- 7 determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses,
- 8 however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or
- 9 <u>cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This</u>
- 10 subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of
- 11 action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or
- 12 other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding
- in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of
- 14 theories of liability.
- (d) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section,
- 16 this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature,
- 17 Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special
- 18 sessions of the legislature.
- 19 (e) A legislative exercise of authority under Subsection
- 20 (c) of this section requires a three-fifths vote of the members
- 21 present in each House and must include language citing this
- 22 <u>section.</u>
- 23 SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- 24 submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13,
- 25 2003. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against
- 26 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment concerning civil
- 27 lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other

C.S.H.J.R. No. 3

- 1 actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on
- 2 non-economic damages."
- 3 SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this
- 4 proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any
- 5 aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Tom Craddick Speaker of the House of Representatives

O___ absent

MARCH 24 2003

Sir:				
We, your COMMITTEE ON CIVIL	PRACTICES			
to whom was referred	<u>RS</u>	have had th	e same under conside	eration and beg to report
() do pass, without amendment.() do pass, with amendment(s).() do pass and be not printed; a		e Substitute is recomr	mended in lieu of the o	riginal measure.
(yes () no A fiscal note v	vas requested.			
() yes () no A criminal just	ice policy impact sta	itement was requested	i .	
() yes () no An equalized	educational funding i	impact statement was	requested.	
() yes () no An actuarial a	nalysis was requeste	ed.		
() yes () no A water development	opment policy impac	t statement was reque	ested.	
() yes () no A tax equity no	ote was requested.			
() The Committee recommends	lhat this measure be	sent to the Committee	e on Local and Conser	nt Calendars.
For Senate Measures: House Spo	onsor			
Joint Sponsors:	/	,	,	
Co-Sponsors:				
				199
The measure was reported from Co	ommittee by the folic	wing vote:		
	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Nixon, Chair	V			
Gattis, Vice-chair	V			
Capelo				
Davis, Y.		V		
Hartnett	V			
King	V			
Krusee				
Rose				
Woolley	1			
Total 🛠				
aye)	U	2.1	
— / nay	1	ou ou	14	
pre	sent, not voting	CHAIR	/	

BILL ANALYSIS

C.S.H.J.R. 3
By: Nixon
Civil Practices
Committee Report (Substituted)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

In 1977 the Texas Legislature passed the Medical Liability and Insurance Improvement Act of Texas to cover health care liability claims. The Act contained a \$500,000-cap on all damages except medical expenses for health care liability claims. In 1988, in *Lucas v. United States*, 757 S.W.2d 687 (Tex. 1988), the Texas Supreme Court held that the limitation on damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action but constitutional as applied to statutory causes of action. The *Lucas* court held that the statutory limitation on medical malpractice damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action because it violated the "open courts provision." As proposed, C.S.H.J.R. 3 requires the submission to the voters of a constitutional amendment authorizing the Legislature to determine limits for non-economic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other actions.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this resolution does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

ANALYSIS

C.S.H.J.R. 3 amends Article III of the Texas Constitution by adding a Section 66 which defines economic damages to mean compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage not including non-economic damages; provides that notwithstanding any other provision of the Constitution the Legislature may place limitations on non-economic damages in health care liability claims; provides that beginning in January 1, 2005, the Legislature may enact limitations on non-economic damages in addition to what is permitted in new Subsection (b); clarifies the scope of authority to enact limitations on non-economic damages and contains a new Subsection (e) requiring the Legislature to obtain a three-fifths vote of the members present to constitutionally enact limitations on non-economic damages, pursuant to this amendment.

FOR ELECTION

This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13, 2003.

COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE

Revises the ballot language to read "The constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages." Deletes the old Subsection (d) which related to legislative authority and judicial construction. Adds a new Subsection (e) which requires a three-fifths vote of the members present in each House to constitutionally enact limits on non-economic damages for Acts to which this amendment applies. Calls for the election to be held September 13, 2003, instead of November 4, 2003.

C.S.H.J.R. 3 78(R) Page 1 of 1

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION

HJR 3

March 24, 2003

upon final adjourn./recess

Considered in formal meeting
Committee substitute considered in committee
Reported favorably as substituted

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 2

March 24, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$475,584.

The bill would propose a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for non-economic damages in medical or health care liability. The proposed constitutional amendment would be held on September 13, 2003.

According to the Secretary of State, presenting one constitutional amendment on a ballot results in higher costs because economies of scales are lost. The estimated cost of \$475,584 would include \$314,062 for postage, \$50,872 for printing, \$110,500 for newspaper advertising, and \$150 for translation costs. According to the Secretary of State, these costs are similar to those experienced in November 2002 when one constitutional amendment was presented to voters.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 307 Secretary of State

LBB Staff: JK, GO, MS

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

February 17, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$85,275.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

'ource Agencies: 454 Department Of Insurance

LBB Staff: JK, GO, JRO, MS, CJ

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

February 15, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HJR3. As Introduced: a negative impact of (\$85,275) through the biennium ending August 31, 2005.

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.

Appropriations:

Fiscal Year	Appropriation out of GENERAL REVENUE FUND
2004	(\$85,275)
2005	\$0

General Revenue-Related Funds, Two-Year Impact:

Fiscat Vear	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds	
2004	(\$85,275)	
2005	\$0	

Fiscal Analysis

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims. The general cost for this Joint Resolution would be \$85,275 during fiscal year 2004.

Methodology

The Secretary of State spends an estimated \$85,275 on each constitutional amendment for printing in newspapers in English, Vietnamese and American Indian, as well as translation and mailing of Spanish language explanations of constitutional amendments to all Hispanic-surnamed households in the state.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff: JK, JRO, MS, CJ

(((INSERT TO BACKED DOCUMENT)))

MAR 2 8 2003 as amended

Robert House of Representatives

By: NIXON

H.J.R. No. 3

Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 3:

By: 947

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c.s.<u>H</u>.J.R. No. <u>3</u>

A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits

against doctors and health care providers, and other actions,

authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on

non-economic damages.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by

adding Section 66 to read as follows:

8 Sec. 66. (a) In this section "economic damages" means

compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term

does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for

past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental

anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship

and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety, however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury, or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of

- 1 action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or
- 2 any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of
- 3 action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined
- 4 by the legislature.
- 5 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 6 constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may
- 7 determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses,
- 8 however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or
- 9 <u>cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This</u>
- 10 subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of
- 11 action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or
- 12 other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding
- 13 in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of
- 14 <u>theories of liability.</u>
- (d) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section,
- 16 this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature,
- 17 Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special
- 18 sessions of the legislature.
- 19 (e) A legislative exercise of authority under Subsection
- 20 (c) of this section requires a three-fifths vote of the members
- relected to
- 21 present in each House and must include language citing this
- 22 section.
- 23 SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- 24 submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13,
- 25 2003. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against
- 26 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment concerning civil
- 27 lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other

- 1 actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on
- 2 non-economic damages."
- 3 SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this
- 4 proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any
- 5 aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

LIST OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS CONSIDERED TODAY

HJR3-Second Reading

AMENDMENT#	<u>AUTHOR</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
1	Nixon	Amendment	Withdrawn
2	Nixon	Amendment	Adopted
3	Turner	Amendment	Tabled
4	Mabry	Amendment	Tabled
5	Luna	Amendment	Tabled
6	Eiland	Amendment	Tabled

ADOPTED

781052

MAR 28 2003

Relate Homes

Chief Clerk
flouse of Representatives

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

BY:

Ni Kon

Amend C.S.H.J.R. No. 3 on page 2, lines 20 and 21, by striking "the members present in" and substituting "all the members elected to".

By: Nixon, et al. (Senate Sponsor - Ratliff)

(In the Senate - Received from the House March 31, 2003;

March 31, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on State

Affairs; May 14, 2003, reported favorably by the following vote:

Yeas 7, Nays 0; May 14, 2003, sent to printer.)

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HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by adding Section 66 to read as follows:

Sec. 66. (a) In this section "economic damages" means compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety, however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury, or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined by the legislature.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of theories of liability.

(d) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section, this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special sessions of the legislature.

sessions of the legislature.

(e) A legislative exercise of authority under Subsection
(c) of this section requires a three-fifths vote of all the members elected to each house and must include language citing this section.

SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13, 2003. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages."

SECTION 3 If a majority of the

SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

1-63 * * * * *

FAVORABLE SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT ON

	(date)	
We, your Committee on	STATE AFFAIRS	, to which was referred the attached measure
have on $5-13-03$ (date of hear)		under consideration and I am instructed to report
back with the recommendation (s) the	hat it:	
do pass and be printed		
() do pass and be ordered not print	ed	
() and is recommended for placeme	ent on the Local and Unconte	ested Bills Calendar.
A fiscal note was requested.	(9 yes () no	
A revised fiscal note was requested.	() yes () no	
An actuarial analysis was requested	. () yes () no	
Considered by subcommittee.	() yes () no	

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	YEA V V V	YEA NAY	YEA NAY ABSENT

COMMITTEE ACTION

S260 Considered in public hearing Testimony taken

Mun Shall

COMMITTEE CLERK

Paper clip the original and one copy of this signed form to the original bill Retain one copy of this form for Committee files

SB

SCR

The measure was reported from Committee by the following vote:

WITNESS LIST

HJR 3

SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT

State Affairs

May 13, 2003 - 8:00AM

FOR:

Hull, Mike (Texas Alliance for Patient Access), Austin, TX

Jeffers, John (TMA, Tarrant Co. Medical Society, MCNT), Arlington, TX

AGAINST: Bragg, David (AARP), Austin, TX

Hampton, Hartley (Texas Trial Lawyers Association), Austin, TX

Registering, but not testifying:

FOR:

Bailey, Charles (Texas Hospital Association), Austin, TX

Graves, Tim (Texas Health Care Association), Austin, TX

AGAINST: Bishop, Dan (Tx ABOTA Legislative/Educ. Fund, Inc.), Austin, TX

Lambe, Dan (Texas Watch), Austin, TX Levy, Rick (Tx AFL-CIO), Austin, TX

ON:

Christian, George S. (Texas Association of Defense Council), Austin, TX

BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center

H.J.R. 3 By: Nixon (Nelson) State Affairs 5/1/2003 Engrossed

DIGEST AND PURPOSE

In 1977 the 65th Texas Legislature passed the Medical Liability and Insurance Improvement Act of Texas to cover health care liability claims. The Act contained a \$500,000-cap on all damages except medical expenses for health care liability claims. In 1988, in Lucas v. United States, 757 S.W.2d 687 (Tex. 1988), the Texas Supreme Court held that the limitation on damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action but constitutional as applied to statutory causes of action. The *Lucas* court held that the statutory limitation on medical malpractice damages was unconstitutional as applied to common law causes of action because it violated the "open courts provision." H.J.R. 3 requires the submission to the voters of a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for non-economic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other actions.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Article III, Texas Constitution, by adding Section 66, as follows:

Sec. 66. (a) Defines "economic damages."

- (b) Authorizes the legislature by statute, notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution, to determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety, however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury, or death of a person. Provides that this subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of theories of liability. Provides that the claim or cause of action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined by the legislature.
- (c) Authorizes the legislature by statute to determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section, after January 1, 2005, notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution. Provides that this subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of theories of liability.
- (d) Provides that this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special sessions of the legislature, except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section.

- (e) Requires a legislative exercise of authority under Subsection (c) of this section to require a three-fifths vote of all the members elected to each house and include language citing this section.
- SECTION 2. Requires this proposed constitutional amendment to be submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13, 2003. Requires the ballot to be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages."

SECTION 3. Prohibits a court from considering any aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent, if a majority of the voters vote against this proposed constitutional amendment.

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 1, 2003

TO: Honorable Bill Ratliff, Chair, Senate Committee on State Affairs

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages.), As Engrossed

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$475,584.

The resolution would propose a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages. The proposed constitutional amendment would be held on September 13, 2003.

According to the Secretary of State, presenting one constitutional amendment on a ballot results in higher costs because economies of scales are lost. The estimated cost of \$475,584 would include \$314,062 for postage, \$50,872 for printing, \$110,500 for newspaper advertising, and \$150 for translation costs. According to the Secretary of State, these costs are similar to those experienced in November 2002 when one constitutional amendment was presented to voters.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 307 Secretary of State

LBB Staff: JK, RR, GO, MS

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 2

March 24, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on non-economic damages.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$475,584.

The bill would propose a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for non-economic damages in medical or health care liability. The proposed constitutional amendment would be held on September 13, 2003.

According to the Secretary of State, presenting one constitutional amendment on a ballot results in higher costs because economies of scales are lost. The estimated cost of \$475,584 would include \$314,062 for postage, \$50,872 for printing, \$110,500 for newspaper advertising, and \$150 for translation costs. According to the Secretary of State, these costs are similar to those experienced in November 2002 when one constitutional amendment was presented to voters.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 307 Secretary of State

LBB Staff: JK, GO, MS

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

Revision 1

February 17, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated, other than the cost of publication.

The cost to the state for publication of the resolution is \$85,275.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

'ource Agencies: 454 Department Of Insurance

LBB Staff: JK, GO, JRO, MS, CJ

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

February 15, 2003

TO: Honorable Joe Nixon, Chair, House Committee on Civil Practices

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HJR3 by Nixon (Proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HJR3. As Introduced: a negative impact of (\$85,275) through the biennium ending August 31, 2005.

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.

Appropriations:

Fiscal Year	Appropriation out of GENERAL REVENUE FUND . 1
2004	(\$85,275)
2005	\$0;

General Revenue-Related Funds, Two-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2004	(\$85,275)
2005	\$0

Fiscal Analysis

This House Joint Resolution proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims. The general cost for this Joint Resolution would be \$85,275 during fiscal year 2004.

Methodology

The Secretary of State spends an estimated \$85,275 on each constitutional amendment for printing in newspapers in English, Vietnamese and American Indian, as well as translation and mailing of Spanish language explanations of constitutional amendments to all Hispanic-surnamed households in the state.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff:

JK, JRO, MS, CJ

ENROLLED

H.J.R. No. 3

A JOINT RESOLUTION

- 1 proposing a constitutional amendment concerning civil lawsuits
- 2 against doctors and health care providers, and other actions,
- 3 authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on
- 4 non-economic damages.
- 5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by
- 7 adding Section 66 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 66. (a) In this section "economic damages" means
- 9 compensatory damages for any pecuniary loss or damage. The term
- 10 does not include any loss or damage, however characterized, for
- 11 past, present, and future physical pain and suffering, mental
- 12 anguish and suffering, loss of consortium, loss of companionship
- and society, disfigurement, or physical impairment.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 15 constitution, the legislature by statute may determine the limit of
- 16 liability for all damages and losses, however characterized, other
- than economic damages, of a provider of medical or health care with
- 18 respect to treatment, lack of treatment, or other claimed departure
- 19 from an accepted standard of medical or health care or safety,
- 20 however characterized, that is or is claimed to be a cause of, or
- 21 that contributes or is claimed to contribute to, disease, injury,
- 22 or death of a person. This subsection applies without regard to
- 23 whether the claim or cause of action arises under or is derived from
- common law, a statute, or other law, including any claim or cause of

- action based or sounding in tort, contract, or any other theory or
- 2 any combination of theories of liability. The claim or cause of
- 3 action includes a medical or health care liability claim as defined
- 4 by the legislature.
- 5 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 6 constitution, after January 1, 2005, the legislature by statute may
- 7 determine the limit of liability for all damages and losses,
- 8 however characterized, other than economic damages, in a claim or
- 9 cause of action not covered by Subsection (b) of this section. This
- 10 subsection applies without regard to whether the claim or cause of
- 11 action arises under or is derived from common law, a statute, or
- other law, including any claim or cause of action based or sounding
- in tort, contract, or any other theory or any combination of
- 14 theories of liability.
- (d) Except as provided by Subsection (c) of this section,
- 16 this section applies to a law enacted by the 78th Legislature,
- 17 Regular Session, 2003, and to all subsequent regular or special
- 18 sessions of the legislature.
- (e) A legislative exercise of authority under Subsection
- 20 (c) of this section requires a three-fifths vote of all the members
- 21 elected to each house and must include language citing this
- 22 <u>section</u>.
- 23 SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- 24 submitted to the voters at an election to be held September 13,
- 25 2003. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against
- 26 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment concerning civil
- 27 lawsuits against doctors and health care providers, and other

H.J.R. No. 3

- 1 actions, authorizing the legislature to determine limitations on
- 2 non-economic damages."
- 3 SECTION 3. If a majority of the voters vote against this
- 4 proposed constitutional amendment, a court may not consider any
- 5 aspect of the vote for any purpose, in any manner, or to any extent.

Presider	nt of the Senate	Speaker of the House
	the following vote:	3 was passed by the House on March Yeas 102, Nays 45.
		Chief Clerk of the House
	tify that H.J.R. No. the following vote:	3 was passed by the Senate on May Yeas 22, Nays 9.
		Secretary of the Senate
RECEIVED:	Date	
-		
	Secretary of State	

President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I certify that H.J.R. No. March 28 Yeas $\frac{(02)}{(3)}$, Nays 45	was passed by the House on 2003, by the following vote:
(3)	(4)
	Chief Clerk of the House
I cortifu that H I B No.	was passed by the Senate on
May 19	2003 by the following vote:
Yeas $\frac{22}{(6)}$, Nays $\frac{9}{}$	2003, by the following vote.
(6)	(7)
	Secretary of the Senate
RECEIVED:	
Date	
Secretary of State	

**** Preparation: CT23;

78TH LEGISLATURE **Bill or Resolution Number: COAUTHOR AUTHORIZATION** (please request your coauthors to sign this form in lieu of the front or the back of the original bill) FEB 12 2003 printed name of primary author Date signature of primary author PERMISSIÓN TO SIGN HAS BEEN GIVEN TO (check only one of the following): (bill or resolution #) ALL REPRESENTATIVES THE FOLLOWING REPRESENTATIVE(S): I authorize The Clerk to include my name as a coauthor of the legislation indicated above: 12/03 A2795 Farabee Date A2115 Allen Date A2810 Farrar Date A2125 Alonzo Date Date A2160 Baile Date 3/12/03 2/13! Date Date 11-00 A2920 Gallego Date A2610 Craddick Date Dale A22 Date Bohac 711-03 Date A2960 Date 20 Davis, John 3-12-03 Date Date Date 12-03 A2935 Giddings Date Date 1384 (30000Men 03-11-03 0 01 A2270 Brown, Fred Date <u></u> <u>0</u>3 A2255 Burnam Date A3385 Phny Date 3 Date A2690 Deshotel Date 3/12/0 10-03 Date Date Date 2290 Campbell A2350 Canales Date Date A2665 Dukes Date A3045 Guillen /B A3030 Gutierrez Date A2660 Dunnam Date Date

ille A3035 Haggerty Date A2490 Casteel Date A2650 Dutton Date A2770 Edwards Date A2495 Castro Date Date

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Date Date Date A2775 Eiland A2585 Chavez 12/93 -11-03

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3290 Hodge	Date	A3845 McReynolds	Date	A4625) Splith/Todd	Date 3/10
3325 Homer	Date	A3830 Menendez	Date	A4540 Smith, Wayne	Date
3320 Hope	3/12/05*** Date	A3815 Mercer	03-11-03 Date	A4530 Smithee	Date
3330 Hopson	Date	A3840 Merritt	Date	A4550/Solis	Date
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Manylor	03/10/03		(Jumps 1	3/10
Sissi Hunter	Date 3/12/03	A3860 Moreno, Paul	Date 3	A4570 Swinford	Date
3360 Hupey	Date	A3870 Morrison Nowe	Date 3- 11-63	A4585 Talton	3/10 Date
3575 Isett	Date	A3865 Mowery	Date	A4600 Taylor	Date
3405 Jones, Delwin	Date	A3885 Naishtat	Data	A4605 Telford	Date
3420 Jones, Elizabeth	7/11 <u>109</u> Date	A3895 Nixon	Date	A4630 Thompson	Date
3400 Jones, Jesse	Date	A3900 Noriega	Date	A4650 Truitt	Date
Star Keel	Date	A3880 Oliveira	Date	A4685 Turner	Date
3410 Kuffer, Bill	Date	A3886 Olivo	Date	A4695 Urest	Date
34 January Vin	3/12/03 Date	A4100 Paxton		A4700 Van Arsdale	3-/6-63 Date
3470 King	3//2/03 Date	A4140 Peng	Date	A4800 Villarreal	Date
3405-Kolkholst	3.11.03 Date	A4160 Phillips	<u> </u>	A4995 West	Date
Mak Krusee	3/10/03 Date	A418@ Pickett	3/12/03 Date	A5000 Wilson	Date
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3540 Laubenberg	Date	A4230 Quintanilla	Date	A4980 Wolens	Date 3-10-0
3605 Lewis	Date	A4240 Rangel	Date	B 1/1/	Date .
3620 Luna	Date	A4215 Raymond		A5005 Woolley	Date
3700 Mabry	Date	A4236 Reyna	3-11-03 Date	A5150 Zedler	Date

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HJ.R.	No		2	
****	110.			

By Joe N.

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to determine limits for noneconomic damages in medical or health care liability claims and other claims.

FEB 122003	Filed with the Chief Clerk
FEB 1 3 2003	Read first time and referred to Committee on
MAR 0 4 2003	Reportedfavorably (as substituted)
MAR 1 0 2003	Sent to Committee on Calendars
MAR 2 8 2003	Read second time (comm. subst.) (amended) and adopted (present, not voting present, not voting
MAR 3 1 2003 MAR 3 1 2003	Read third time (amended) and finally adopted (failed of adoption) by a record vote of yeas, nays, present, not voting Engrossed Sent to Senate CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OTHER HOUSE ACTIO	- Recommitted to the Committee on Civil Practices
MAR 2 4 2003	Reported Favorably (as substituted)
MAR 2 4 2003	_ Reported Favorably (as substituted) _ Sent to Committee on CAlendars
MAR 3 1 2003	Received from the House
MAR 3 1 2003	Read and referred to Committee on State Offans
MAY 1 4 2003	Reported favorably
	_ Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time
	_ Ordered not printed
	_ Laid before the Senate
MAY 1 6 2003	Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by (unanimous consent) (25 yeas, _ 6 nays)
MAY 1 6 2003	Read second time,, and passed to third reading by (unanimous consent)
MAY 1 6 2003	Const. 3 Day Rule failed by 24 years 7 nays. (a viva voce vote) nays)
MAY 1 9 2003 MAY 1 9 2003	Senate and Constitutional 3 Day Rules suspended by a vote of yeas, nays Reg. Order of Bus. Rules suspended by 2/yeas / Orange Read third time,, and passed by yeas, nays
MAY 1 9 2003 MAY 1 9 2003 May 19, 2003	Senate and Constitutional 3 Day Rules suspended by a vote of

MAT 1 7 ZUUJ	Returned from the Senate (with conditions)				
	House concurred in Senate amendments by a (non-record vote) (record vote of yeas, present, not voting)				
	House refused to concur in Senate amendments and requested the appointment of a conference committee by a (non-record vote) (record vote of yeas, nays, present, not voting)				
	Senate granted House request. Senate conferees appointed:, Chair;				
	Conference committee report adopted (rejected) by the House by a record vote of yeas, present, not voting				
	Conference committee report adopted (rejected) by the Senate by a record vote of				

OS NAR 24 PN 4: 53 Hjuse of Representatives

CA HAR -7 PH St 35